

CPE201

Digital Design

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Class 19: Vibrators



More Multivibrators

- Monostable
 - One stable state
 - One-Shots and Timers
- Astable
 - No stable states
 - Oscillators



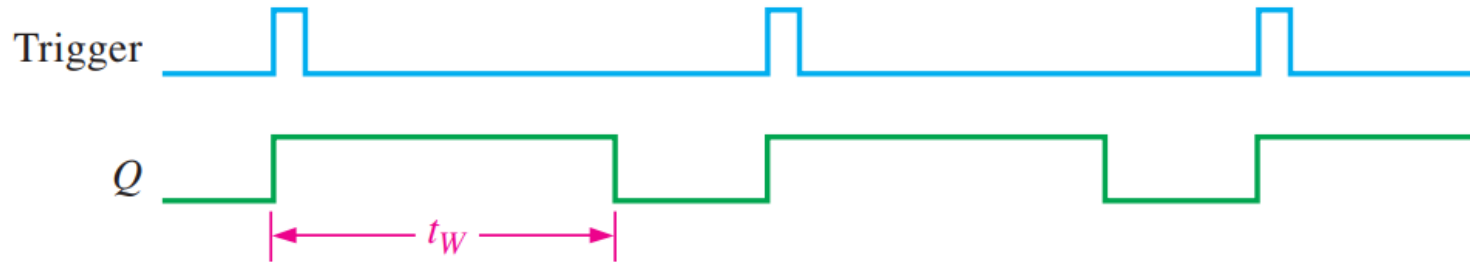
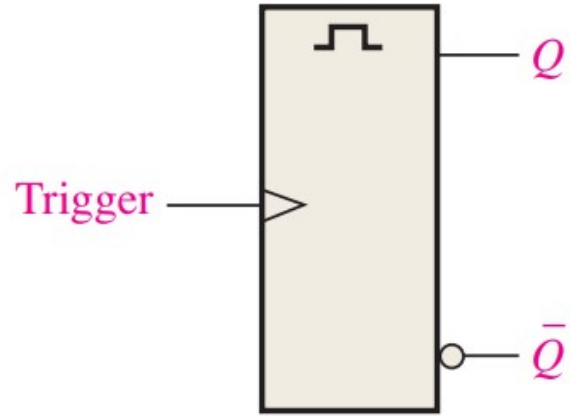
One-Shot

- Normally in its stable state
 - Trigger to unstable state
 - Returns to stable state after some time
 - Puts out a pulse of fixed width

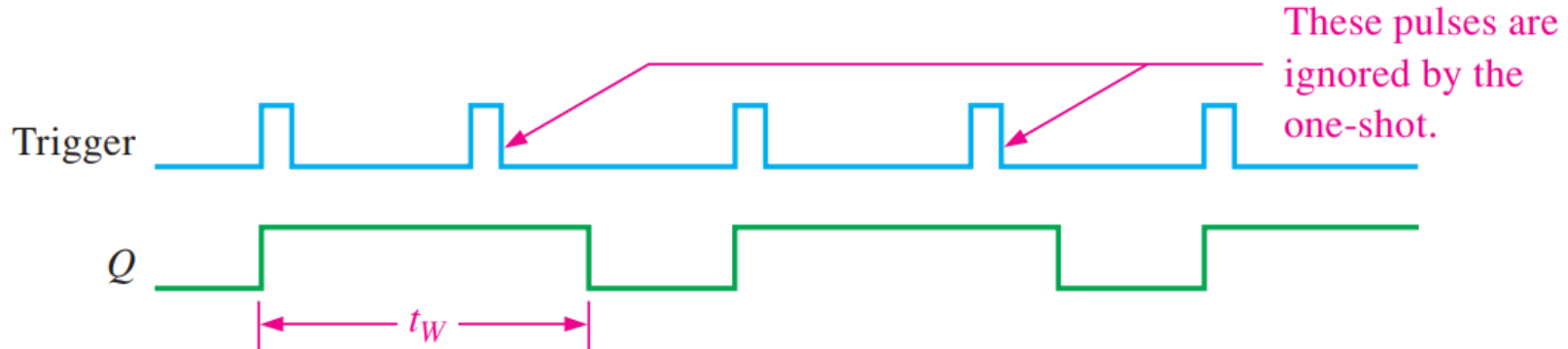


One-Shot

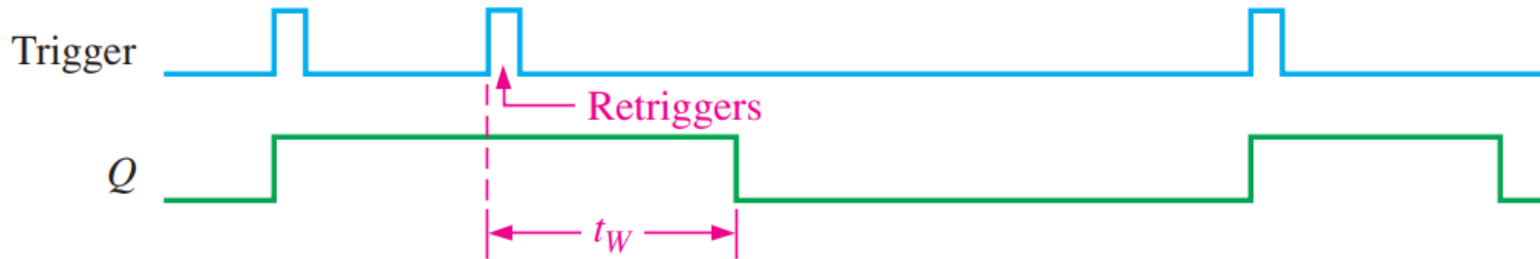
- $t_W = \text{pulse width}$



- Nonretriggerable

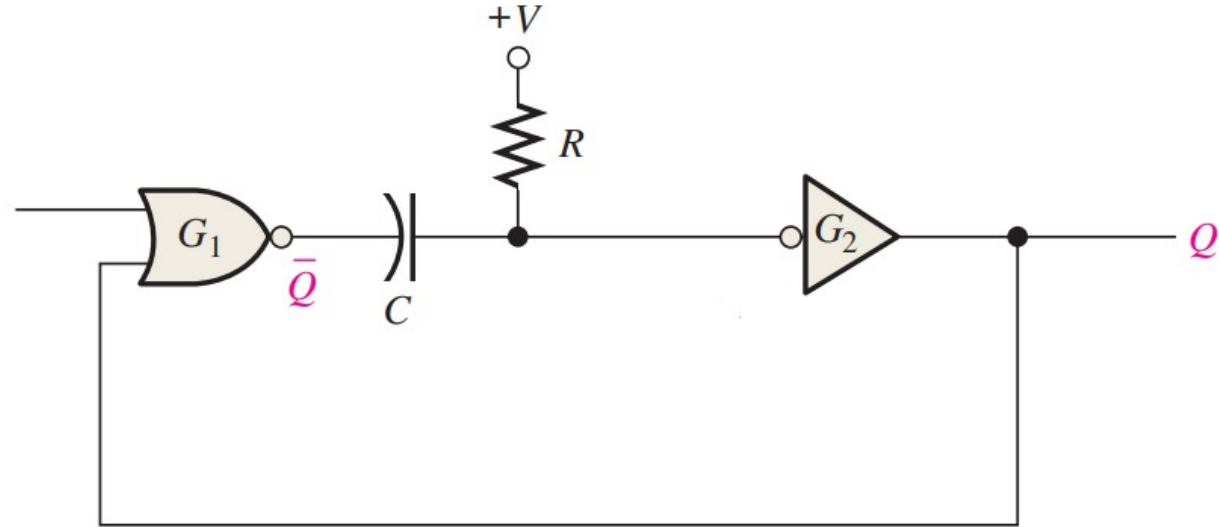


- Retriggerable



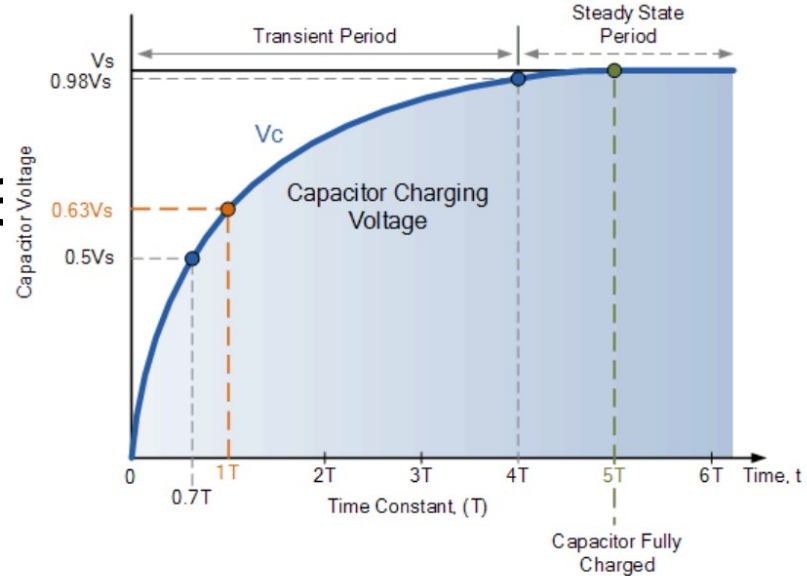
Circuit

- Capacitor (F)
- Resistor (Ω)



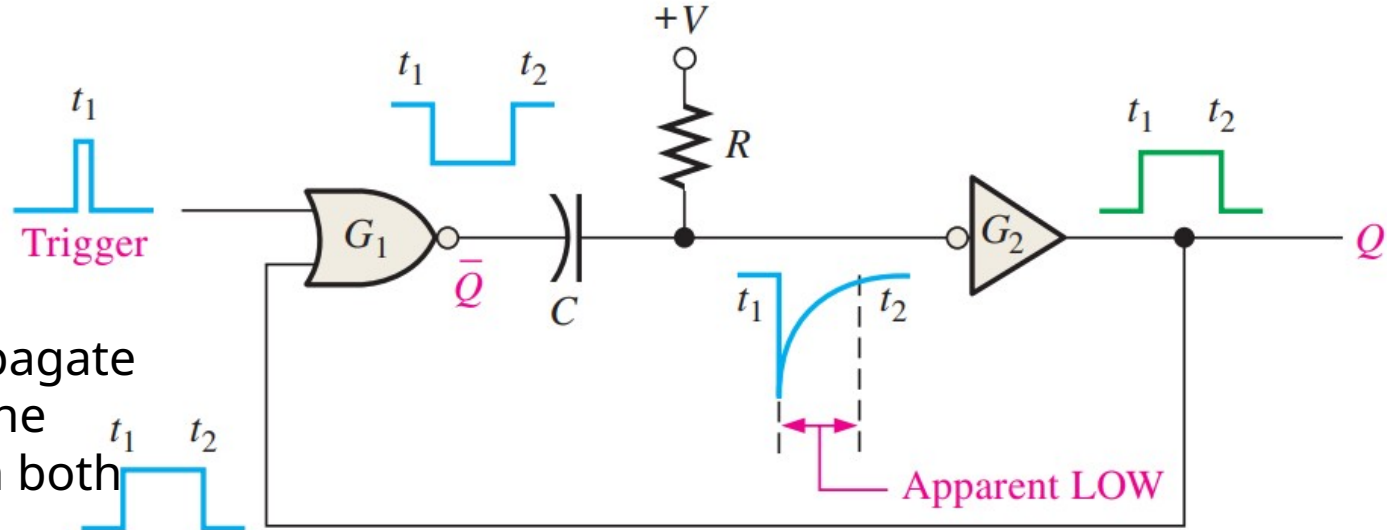
RC Time Constant

- $RC = \text{seconds}$
- $V_s = \text{supply voltage}$



Circuit

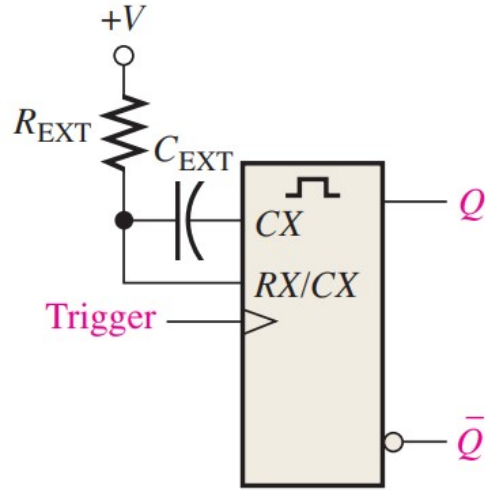
Trigger is wide enough to propagate the input 1 to the output through both gates



Configure Pulse Width

- $t_W = 0.7R_{EXT}C_{EXT}$
- R_{EXT} in $k\Omega$ (10^3)
- C_{EXT} in pF (10^{-12})
- t_W in ns (10^{-9})

– Corresponds to parts in the MHz frequencies



Examples

- If $R = 42\text{k}\Omega$ and $C = 12\text{pF}$

$$t_w = 0.7RC = 0.7 * 42 * 12 = 352.8\text{ns}$$

$$\text{OR } t_w = 0.7 * 42\text{E}3 * 12\text{E-}12 = 352.8\text{E-}9$$

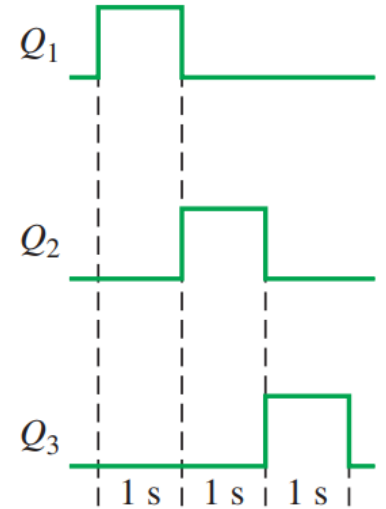
- If we want $t_w = 1\text{ms} = 1\text{E-}3$ and $R = 1\text{E}3$

$$C = t_w / (0.7 * R) = 1\text{E-}3 / (0.7 * 1\text{E}3) =$$

$$1.42\mu\text{F}$$

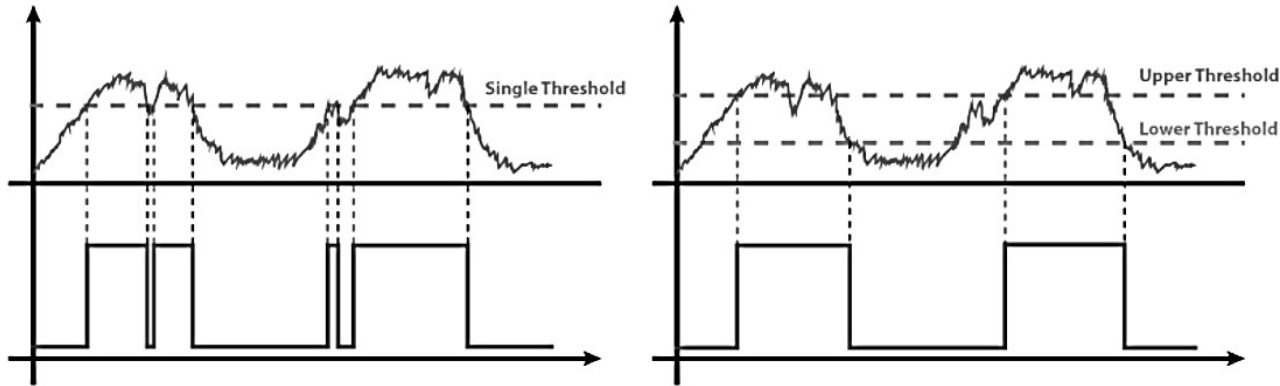


- Pulse sequence

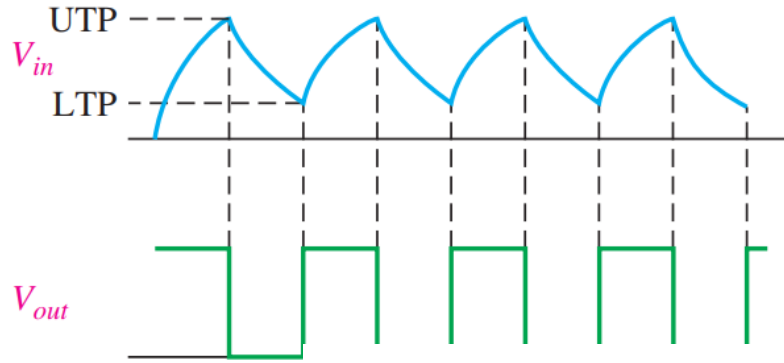
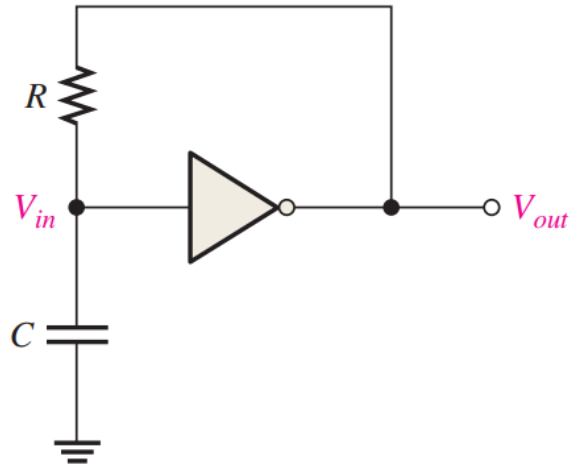


Hysteresis

- Comparator+
 - Change threshold moves after it is crossed

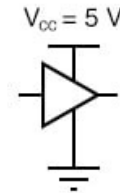
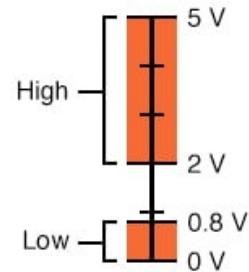


Oscillator

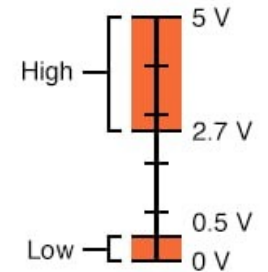


$$\begin{aligned} \text{UTP} &= 2\text{V} \\ \text{LTP} &= 0.8\text{V} \end{aligned}$$

Acceptable TTL Gate
Input Signal Levels



Acceptable TTL Gate
Output Signal Levels



Reading

- This lecture
 - Sections 7.5-7.7
- Next lecture
 - Sections 8.1-8.3

